

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

### Listing of Claims:

- 1        1. (Currently amended) A method for supporting read-only objects  
2        within an object-addressed memory hierarchy, comprising:  
3                receiving a request at a translator to access an object, wherein the request  
4        includes an object identifier for the object that is used to reference the object  
5        within the object-addressed memory hierarchy, and wherein the translator  
6        converts an object identifier and offset into a corresponding physical address and  
7        converts the request to access an object into a request for the corresponding  
8        physical address; translates between object identifiers (used to reference objects in  
9        an object cache) and a physical addresses (used to address objects in main  
10      memory);  
11                using the object identifier to retrieve an object table entry associated with  
12        the object;  
13                if the request is a write request,  
14                        examining a read-only indicator within the object table  
15                        entry,  
16                        if the read-only indicator specifies that the object is a read-  
17        only object, performing a corrective action to deal with the fact that  
18        the write request is directed to a read-only object.

1           2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein if the request is a read  
2 request, the method further comprises using a physical address from the object  
3 table entry to access the object in main memory.

1           3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein performing the  
2 corrective action can involve causing a fault handler in the requesting processor to  
3 perform the corrective action.

1           4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein performing the  
2 corrective action can involve:

3           obtaining a writable copy of the object, clearing the read-only indicator to  
4 indicate that the object is no longer read-only, and updating the writable copy of  
5 the object with data from the write request;

6           updating a remotely located master copy of the object with data from the  
7 write request;

8           terminating the requesting process because the write request is not  
9 allowed; and

10          if the request is directed to a debugging breakpoint, pausing the requesting  
11 process and clearing the read-only indicator.

1           5. (Cancelled)

1           6. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1,  
2 wherein prior to receiving the request at the translator, the request is  
3 initially directed to the object cache;

4           wherein if the request causes a hit in the object cache, the object is  
5 accessed in the object cache and the request is not sent to the translator; and

6           wherein if the request causes a miss in the object cache, the request is sent  
7       to the translator.

1           7.       (Original) The method of claim 6, further comprising making a  
2       given object read-only by:

3                 setting a read-only indicator associated with the given object to indicate  
4       that the given object is read-only;

5                 causing all object caches within a local cache-coherent domain to flush any  
6       modified cache lines of the given object out to main memory;

7                 whereby subsequent upgrades of the given object from read-only status to  
8       writable or modified status in any caches within the local cache-coherent domain  
9       must go through a translator.

1           8.       (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein causing all object  
2       caches within the local cache-coherent domain to flush any modified cache lines  
3       of the given object out to main memory involves executing a read-with-intent-to-  
4       only-read (RWITOR) instruction on each cache line of the given object.

1           9.       (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the given object can be  
2       made read-only in response to a request received from outside the local cache-  
3       coherent domain.

1           10.      (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the  
2       translator includes hardware to translate between object identifiers and physical  
3       addresses.

1           11.      (Currently amended) An apparatus that supports read-only objects  
2       within an object-addressed memory hierarchy, comprising:

3           a receiving mechanism configured to receive a request at a translator to  
4 access an object, wherein the request includes an object identifier for the object  
5 that is used to reference the object within the object-addressed memory hierarchy,  
6 and wherein the translator converts an object identifier and offset into a  
7 corresponding physical address and converts the request to access an object into a  
8 request for the corresponding physical address; translates between object  
9 identifiers (used to reference objects in an object cache) and a physical addresses  
10 (used to address objects in main memory);

11           a translation mechanism configured to use the object identifier to retrieve  
12 an object table entry associated with the object; and

13           a corrective action mechanism, wherein if the request is a write request,  
14 the corrective action mechanism is configured to,

15                 examine a read-only indicator within the object table entry,  
16                 and

17                 if the read-only indicator specifies that the object is a read-  
18                 only object, to perform a corrective action to deal with the fact that  
19                 the write request is directed to a read-only object.

1           12. (Original) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein if the request is a  
2 read request, the translation mechanism is additionally configured to use a  
3 physical address from the object table entry to access the object in main memory.

1           13. (Original) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the corrective action  
2 mechanism is configured to cause a fault handler in the requesting processor to  
3 perform the corrective action.

1           14. (Original) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein performing the  
2 corrective action can involve:

3           obtaining a writable copy of the object, clearing the read-only indicator to  
4 indicate that the object is no longer read-only, and updating the writable copy of  
5 the object with data from the write request;  
6           updating a remotely located master copy of the object with data from the  
7 write request;  
8           terminating the requesting process because the write request is not  
9 allowed; and  
10          if the request is directed to a debugging breakpoint, pausing the requesting  
11 process and clearing the read-only indicator.

1           15. (Cancelled)

1           16. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the  
2 apparatus includes the object cache;  
3           wherein prior to receiving the request at the translator, the request is  
4 initially directed to the object cache;  
5           wherein if the request causes a hit in the object cache, the object is  
6 accessed in the object cache and the request is not sent to the translator; and  
7           wherein if the request causes a miss in the object cache, the request is sent  
8 to the translator.

1           17. (Original) The apparatus of claim 16, further comprising a read-  
2 only configuration mechanism configured to make a given object read-only by:  
3           setting a read-only indicator associated with the given object to indicate  
4 that the given object is read-only; and  
5           causing all object caches within a local cache-coherent domain to flush  
6 any modified cache lines of the given object out to main memory;

7            whereby subsequent upgrades of the given object from read-only status to  
8        writable or modified status in any caches within the local cache-coherent domain  
9        must go through a translator.

1            18.     (Original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the read-only  
2        configuration mechanism causes all object caches within the local cache-coherent  
3        domain to flush any modified cache lines of the given object out to main memory  
4        by executing a read-with-intent-to-only-read (RWITOR) instruction on each cache  
5        line of the given object.

1            19.     (Original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the read-only  
2        configuration mechanism makes the given object read-only in response to a  
3        request received from outside the local cache-coherent domain.

1            20.     (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the  
2        translator includes hardware to translate between object identifiers and physical  
3        addresses.

1            21.     (Currently amended) A computer system that supports read-only  
2        objects within an object-addressed memory hierarchy, comprising:  
3            a processor;  
4            the object-addressed memory hierarchy;  
5            an object cache within the object-addressed memory hierarchy;  
6            a translator that translates between object identifiers, used to address  
7        objects in the object cache, and physical addresses, used to address objects in  
8        main memory;  
9            a receiving mechanism within the translator configured to receive at the  
10      translator a request to access an object, wherein the request includes an object

11 identifier for the object that is used to reference the object within the object-  
12 addressed memory hierarchy, and wherein the translator converts an object  
13 identifier and offset into a corresponding physical address and converts the  
14 request to access an object into a request for the corresponding physical  
15 address; translates between object identifiers (used to reference objects in an object  
16 cache) and a physical addresses (used to address objects in main memory);  
17       a translation mechanism within the translator configured to use the object  
18 identifier to retrieve an object table entry associated with the object; and  
19       a corrective action mechanism, wherein if the request is a write request,  
20 the corrective action mechanism is configured to,  
21           examine a read-only indicator within the object table entry,  
22           and  
23       if the read-only indicator specifies that the object is a read-only object, to  
24 perform a corrective action to deal with the fact that the write request is directed  
25 to a read-only object.